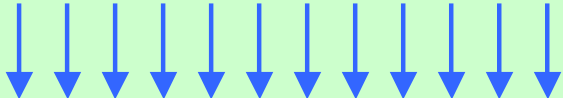


spin wave in ferromagnet - magnon

Heisenberg ferromagnet

$$\mathcal{H} = -J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \hat{\vec{S}}_i \cdot \hat{\vec{S}}_j = -J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \left[\hat{S}_i^z \hat{S}_j^z + \frac{1}{2} \{ \hat{S}_i^+ \hat{S}_j^- + \hat{S}_i^- \hat{S}_j^+ \} \right]$$

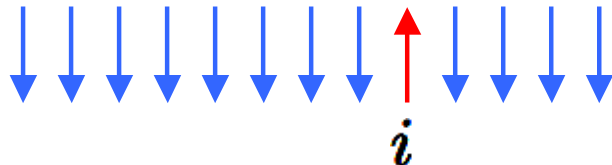
ground state:


 $|\psi^{(0)}\rangle = |\downarrow\downarrow \cdots \downarrow\downarrow\rangle$

$$\langle \hat{S}_i^z \rangle = -\frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{H}|\psi^{(0)}\rangle = -\frac{J\hbar^2 N}{4}|\psi^{(0)}\rangle = E_0|\psi^{(0)}\rangle$$

excited state:

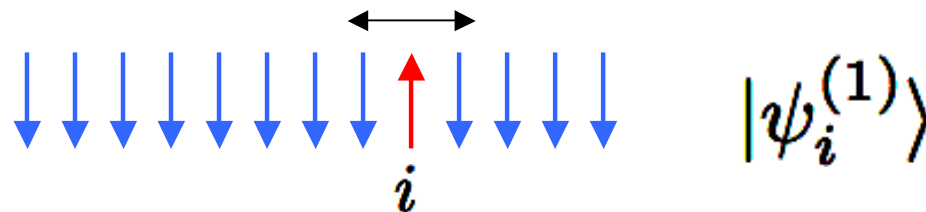

 $|\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle$

$$\mathcal{H}_1 = -J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \hat{S}_i^z \hat{S}_j^z \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{H}_1|\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle = E_1|\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle$$

$$E_1 = E_0 + \frac{Jz\hbar^2}{2}$$

spin wave in ferromagnet - magnon

excited state: $\mathcal{H}_1 = -J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \hat{S}_i^z \hat{S}_j^z \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_1 |\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle = E_1 |\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle$



$$E_1 = E_0 + \frac{Jz\hbar^2}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \mathcal{H}_2 &= -\frac{J}{2} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \left\{ \hat{S}_i^+ \hat{S}_j^- + \hat{S}_i^- \hat{S}_j^+ \right\} \\ \hat{S}_i^+ |\downarrow\rangle &= \hbar |\uparrow\rangle \quad \hat{S}_i^- |\uparrow\rangle = \hbar |\downarrow\rangle \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} &\text{"spin hopping"} \\ \mathcal{H}_2 |\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle &= -\frac{J\hbar^2}{2} \sum_{j \in \Lambda_i} |\psi_j^{(1)}\rangle \\ &\text{nearest neighbors of } i \end{aligned}$$

Fourier transformation $|\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle = \frac{1}{V} \sum_i |\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle e^{-i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}_i}$ "moving particle"

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{H}_2 |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle = -\frac{J\hbar^2}{2} \sum_{j \in \Lambda_i} e^{i\vec{q} \cdot (\vec{r}_i - \vec{r}_j)} |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle = \frac{J\hbar^2}{2} \gamma_{\vec{q}} |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle$$

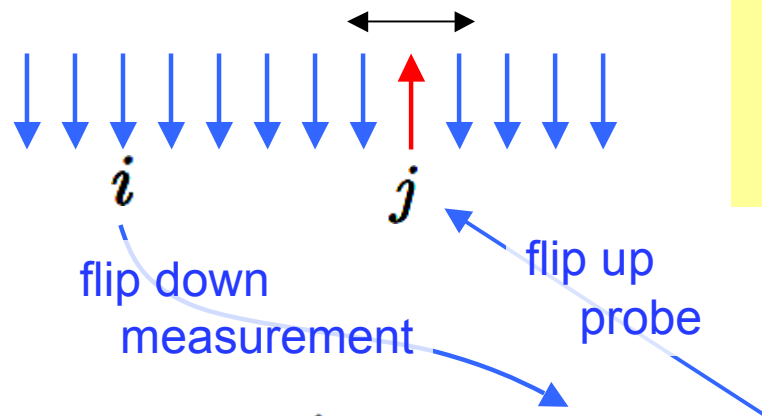
spin wave in ferromagnet - magnon

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \mathcal{H}_1 |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle &= \left(E_0 + \frac{Jz\hbar^2}{2} \right) |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle \\ \mathcal{H}_2 |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle &= \frac{J\hbar^2}{2} \gamma_{\vec{q}} |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle \end{aligned} \right\} \quad \mathcal{H} |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle = \left(E_0 + \frac{J\hbar^2}{2} (\gamma_0 - \gamma_{\vec{q}}) \right) |\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle$$

$$|\phi_{\vec{q}}^{(1)}\rangle = \frac{1}{V} \sum_i |\psi_i^{(1)}\rangle e^{-i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}_i}$$

$$\gamma_{\vec{q}} = 2 \sum_{\alpha=x,y,z} \cos q_{\alpha} a$$

$$\Delta E_{\vec{q}} = J\hbar^2 \sum_{\alpha=x,y,z} (1 - \cos q_{\alpha} a)$$



$$\chi_{ij}(t) = \frac{i}{\hbar} \Theta(t) \langle [\hat{S}_i^-(t), \hat{S}_j^+(0)] \rangle$$

