Discussion date: 5 November 2014

## Exercise 1: The Little-Parks experiment: Fluxoid quantization and its effect on $T_c$ .

In the lecture you have already learned about basic flux quantization. The Little-Parks experiment goes further and considers the fluxoid quantization to explain how  $T_c$  depends on the applied field.

We consider a superconducting film of thickness  $d \ll \lambda, \xi$  in the form of a hollow cylinder of radius  $R \gg d$  in a magnetic field H applied along the axis of the cylinder.

- (a) What are the effects of  $d \ll \xi$  and  $d \ll \lambda$  on the amplitude of the order parameter  $|\Psi|$  and the supercurrent  $j_s$ ?
- (b) The second Ginzburg Landau equation can be written as (using Gaussian units)

$$\boldsymbol{j}_{\boldsymbol{s}} = \frac{e^*}{m^*} |\Psi|^2 \left( \hbar \nabla \varphi - \frac{e^*}{c} \boldsymbol{A} \right) = e^* |\Psi|^2 \boldsymbol{v}_{\boldsymbol{s}}, \tag{1}$$

where  $e^*$  and  $m^*$  are the charge and mass of the superconducting particles, i.e.  $e^* = 2e$  and  $m^* = 2m_e$ . Write down the Ginzburg Landau free energy and express the gradient term using the supercurrent velocity  $v_s$ .

(c) Consider the path integral of the supercurrent velocity around the cylinder. Find an expression for the supercurrent velocity  $v_s$  in terms of the total flux  $\Phi$  and the flux quantum  $\Phi_0 = \frac{hc}{2e}$ .

*Comment:* You will find that not the flux alone is quantized, but that it is the so-called fluxoid which can take only discrete values.

- (d) While the fluxoid is quantized and can thus take different values, the actual configuration is the one with minimal free energy. For which  $v_s$  is this the case? Sketch  $v_s$  against  $\Phi/\Phi_0$ .
- (e) What is the effect of the fluxoid quantization on the order parameter  $|\Psi|^2$ ? Find the value of the amplitude of the order parameter by minimizing the free energy and express the result using  $|\Psi_0|$  and  $\xi$ .

The critical temperature is defined through  $|\Psi|^2 = 0$ . What is therefore the effect on  $T_c$ ? Sketch  $T_c$  against  $\Phi/\Phi_0$ . Or, as was done in the original paper by Little and Parks, sketch a H vs T phase diagram, indicating the superconducting and the normal region.

- (f) What is the magnetic field period of the oscillations for a cylinder of radius R = 7000 Å?
- (g) Have a look at the original paper (main text is 3 pages) and compare your sketches for the variation of the critical temperature to their experimental results (the 7 page file has an appendix of clearer figures):

W. A. Little, R. D. Parks, 'Observation of Quantum Periodicity in the Transition Temperature of a Superconducting Cylinder', Phys. Rev. Lett. 9, 9 (1962).