

## Sheet X

Return by 5.12.2013

**Question 1** [*Tensor product of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$  representations*]: Let  $V$  be the defining 3-dimensional representation of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$ .

- (a) Consider the tensor product  $V \otimes V$  and decompose it into its symmetrical and antisymmetrical subspace. Show that each of these subspaces defines separately an irreducible representation of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$ , and identify the relevant representation in terms of its highest weight. Compute the dimensions of these representations.
- (b) Consider now the tensor product  $V \otimes V \otimes V =: V^{\otimes 3}$ . Find its totally symmetrical and totally anti-symmetrical subspace, and determine their dimensions. Assuming that they define by themselves two irreducible representations of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$ , find the highest weights of the corresponding irreducible highest weight representations.
- (c) Consider now the subspace of  $V^{\otimes 3}$  spanned by the vectors

$$\begin{aligned} &(\mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k) + (\mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_k) - (\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) - (\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_j) , \\ &(\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) + (\mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) - (\mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k) - (\mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j) , \end{aligned}$$

where  $i, j, k \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ , and the elements  $\mathbf{e}_i$  form a basis for  $V$ . This subspace is the image of the Young symmetriser

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 2 \\ \hline 3 & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

on  $V^{\otimes 3}$ . Show that this space forms by itself an irreducible representation of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$ , determine its weights, and hence identify the corresponding irreducible representation.

*Hint:* to show irreducibility you must check that, starting from the highest weight, the action of the ‘lowering’ operators does not generate other non-zero highest weight vectors.

- (d) Repeat the analysis above for the subspace spanned by the vectors

$$\begin{aligned} &(\mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k) + (\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) - (\mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_k) - (\mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) , \\ &(\mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j) + (\mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) - (\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_i \otimes \mathbf{e}_j) - (\mathbf{e}_k \otimes \mathbf{e}_j \otimes \mathbf{e}_i) , \end{aligned}$$

which is the image of the Young symmetriser

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

on  $V^{\otimes 3}$ .

- (e) Deduce the full decomposition of  $V^{\otimes 3}$  in terms of irreducible representations of  $\mathfrak{su}(3)$ .