## Advanced Topics in Quantum Information Theory Exercise 3

## Exercise 3.1 The Shor code and Stabilizers

We have seen in the previous exercise that the Shor code is useful for encoding a single qubit in 9 qubits. Now we will look at the Shor code in the stabilizer picture. The generators for stabilizer group for the Shor code has elements

$g_1$	$Z_1Z_2$
$g_2$	$Z_2Z_3$
$g_3$	$Z_4Z_5$
$g_4$	$Z_5Z_6$
$g_5$	$Z_{7}Z_{8}$
$g_6$	$Z_8Z_9$
$g_7$	$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6$
$g_8$	$X_4 X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9$
$\bar{Z}$	$X^{\otimes 9}$
$\bar{X}$	$Z^{\otimes 9}$

where we also define two Pauli group elements (that are not generators)  $\overline{Z}$  and  $\overline{X}$ .

a.) Show that the generators stabilize the codewords

$$\begin{aligned} |0_L\rangle &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left( |000\rangle + |111\rangle \right) \otimes \left( |000\rangle + |111\rangle \right) \otimes \left( |000\rangle + |111\rangle \right) \\ |1_L\rangle &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left( |000\rangle - |111\rangle \right) \otimes \left( |000\rangle - |111\rangle \right) \otimes \left( |000\rangle - |111\rangle \right). \end{aligned}$$

- b.) Show that the operators  $\overline{Z}$  and  $\overline{X}$  act as logical Z and X operators on the logical bits  $|0_L\rangle$  and  $|1_L\rangle$ . Show that  $\overline{Z}$  and  $\overline{X}$  are independent of and commute with the generators of the Shor code. Also show that  $\overline{Z}$  and  $\overline{X}$  anti-commute.
- c.) Prove that any error  $X_i$ ,  $Z_i$ , and  $X_iZ_i$  can be corrected by the Shor Code, where the position of the error, i, is arbitrary.
- d.) Prove that two qubit errors of the form  $X_i X_j$  can also be corrected, but  $Z_i Z_j$  errors cannot  $(i \neq j)$ .