## Theoretical Physics, Problem Set 11.

## 1. Optical devices

A vertically (V) polarized light ray successively passes
a) a V-polarizer,
b) a $45^{\circ}-$ polarizer,
c) an H -polarizer,
d) a $45^{\circ}$ Faraday-rotator, which rotates the polarization,
e) a $\lambda / 4$-plate, which increases the phase of the horizontal component by $\pi / 2$ relatively to the vertical one,
f) $\mathrm{a}-45^{\circ}-$ polarizer.
i) Let the incoming wave have the amplitude $\vec{E}=E\binom{0}{1}$. What are the complex amplitudes $\vec{E}_{i}$ after the $i$-th experiment, $i=\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \ldots \mathrm{f}$ ?
ii) What is the transmission probability for a V -photon after the $i$-th experiment, $i=\mathrm{a}$, $\mathrm{b}, \ldots \mathrm{f}$ ?
iii) Find permuted arrangements of the experiments with the same and with different transmission probability.
2. Bra $\langle |$ and ket $\rangle$

Show that $(|\varphi\rangle\langle\psi|)^{*}=|\psi\rangle\langle\varphi|$.

